

Exam 2

- What is the molar mass of propanol, C_3H_7OH ?
 - 46 g/mol
 - 60 g/mol
 - 74 g/mol
 - 90 g/mol
- How many moles are in 45.0 g of Na_2CO_3 ?
 - 0.212 mol
 - 0.425 mol
 - 0.378 mol
 - 0.950 mol
- How many molecules are present in 0.250 mol of H_2O_2 ?
 - 1.50×10^{23}
 - 3.01×10^{23}
 - 6.02×10^{23}
 - 1.20×10^{24}
- Balance the equation:
 $\underline{\hspace{1cm}} C_4H_{10} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} O_2 \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{1cm}} CO_2 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} H_2O$
What is the coefficient in front of O_2 ?
 - 6
 - 10
 - 13
 - 8
- Which reaction type is:
 $Zn(s) + CuCl_2(aq) \rightarrow ZnCl_2(aq) + Cu(s)$
 - Combination
 - Decomposition
 - Single replacement
 - Combustion
- Which process represents reduction?
 - $Fe \rightarrow Fe^{3+} + 3e^-$
 - $Cu^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow Cu$
 - $2Cl^- \rightarrow Cl_2 + 2e^-$
 - $Mg \rightarrow Mg^{2+} + 2e^-$
- Which statement is an assumption of the Ideal Gas Law?
 - Gas particles exert strong attractions on each other.
 - Gas particles move in random straight lines and have negligible volume.
 - Collisions between gas particles are inelastic.
 - Gas particles slow down as temperature increases.
- Under which conditions do a real gas deviate the most from ideal behavior?
 - Low P and high T
 - High P and low T
 - Moderate P and moderate T
 - Standard temperature and pressure
- The pressure of a gas is explained by:
 - The density of the gas sample
 - The mass of the gas particles
 - Collisions of particles with container walls
 - The number of valence electrons
- What is the molarity of a solution made by dissolving 12.0 g NaOH in enough water to make 500. mL of solution?
 - 0.30 M
 - 0.48 M
 - 0.60 M
 - 1.20 M
- What is the percent by mass of KCl in a solution containing 15.0 g KCl dissolved in 85.0 g water?
 - 12.5%
 - 15.0%
 - 17.6%
 - 20.0%

12. Which factor increases the solubility of a gas in water?

- a) Increase temperature
- b) Decrease pressure
- c) Increase pressure
- d) Stirring only

13. What is the van't Hoff factor (i) for AlCl_3 assuming complete dissociation?

- a) 2
- b) 3
- c) 4
- d) 5

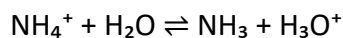
14. A semipermeable membrane separates 0.2 M NaCl (left) and 0.2 M glucose (right). Predict the net water movement:

- a) Left \rightarrow Right
- b) Right \rightarrow Left
- c) No movement
- d) Moves both directions equally

15. Which statement describes an Arrhenius acid?

- a) Produces OH^- in aqueous solution
- b) Donates H^+ to water to form H_3O^+
- c) Accepts H^+ from another species
- d) Accepts an electron pair

16. In the reaction:



What is the conjugate base?

- a) NH_3
- b) H_3O^+
- c) H_2O
- d) OH^-

17. What is the pH of a 0.0050 M HNO_3 solution?

- a) 1.30
- b) 2.30
- c) 3.30
- d) 4.30

18. Which is the correct equilibrium expression for:
 $\text{HSO}_4^- + \text{OH}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{SO}_4^{2-} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$

- a) $K = [\text{HSO}_4^-][\text{OH}^-]/[\text{SO}_4^{2-}]$
- b) $K = [\text{SO}_4^{2-}][\text{H}_2\text{O}]/[\text{HSO}_4^-][\text{OH}^-]$
- c) $K = [\text{SO}_4^{2-}]/[\text{HSO}_4^-][\text{OH}^-]$
- d) $K = [\text{SO}_4^{2-}]/[\text{HSO}_4^-]$

19. For the equilibrium:



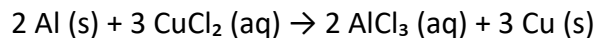
Which change shifts equilibrium to the right?

- a) Add N_2
- b) Increase temperature
- c) Decrease pressure
- d) Add catalyst only

20. A buffer is composed of:

- a) A strong acid mixed with a strong base in equal amounts
- b) Weak acid with its conjugate base
- c) A strong acid with its conjugate base
- d) A salt solution only

21. Aluminum reacts with copper(II) chloride according to the balanced equation:



If 13.5 g of Al reacts with excess CuCl_2 , how many grams of Cu will form?

Name

	A	B	C	D	E		A	B	C	D	E
1	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	11	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	12	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	13	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
4	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	14	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
5	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	15	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
6	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	16	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
7	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	17	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
8	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	18	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
9	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	19	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
10	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	20	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

22. You have 250. mL of 0.80 M NaCl solution. You dilute it with water to a total volume of 1.00 L. What is the new molarity of the solution?

23. A solution is prepared by dissolving 8.50 g NaOH in enough water to make 200. g of total solution. The solution density is 1.05 g/mL. Calculate:

a) Molarity (M)

b) Molality (m)

c) Parts per million (ppm)

24. What is the pH of a 0.025 M H_3O^+ solution?

25. A weak acid has $K_a = 1.8 \times 10^{-5}$.

a) Calculate its pKa.

b) Calculate the buffer pH range for this acid